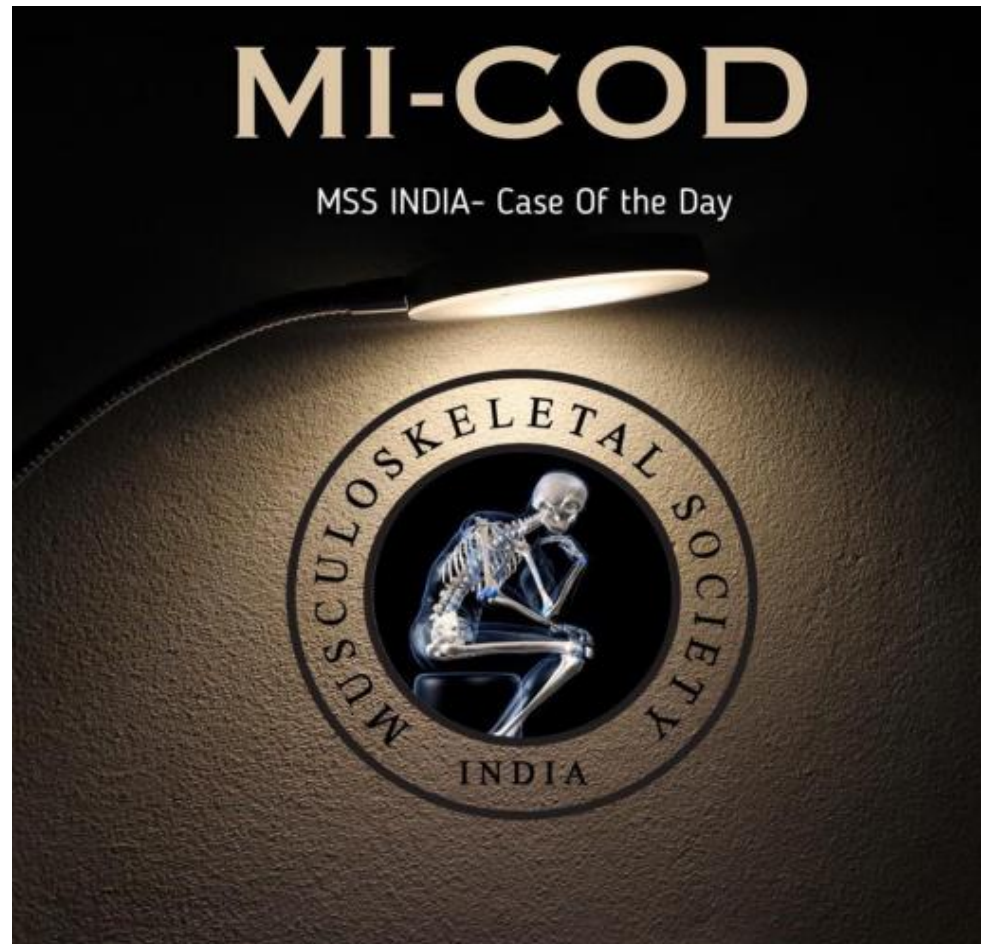


MICOD 25/09/2023

Case Courtesy: Dr. Nishith Kumar (Safdarjung Hospital)





ER

SJHOSP

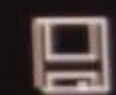
2023 Sep 25

11:04



Msk

HSL



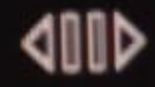
93%

MI

0.7

TIS

0.2



100

What is your diagnosis?

- a) Sagittal band tear
- b) Mallet finger
- c) Calcified Hemangioma
- d) Foreign body

Mallet finger



Oblique view is essential for better depiction and classification

CLASSIFICATION

Doyle's Classification of Mallet Finger Injuries	
Type I	Closed injury with or without small dorsal avulsion fracture
Type II	Open injury (laceration)
Type III	Open injury (deep soft tissue abrasion involving loss skin and tendon substance)
Type IV	Mallet fracture A = distal phalanx physeal injury (pediatrics) B = fracture fragment involving 20% to 50% of articular surface (adult) C = fracture fragment >50% of articular surface (adult)